## **Advanced Inorganic Chemistry part Inorganic Molecules** Exercises 1 and 2 (electronic and molecular structure, building reaction, and chemical and physical properties of inorganic molecules and ions)

### **Exercise 1**

Of the 6 molecules and ions each listed below, give the oxidation numbers of the non-ligand atoms, draw a suitable Lewis structure with the formal charges (if necessary) by using lines for bond and free electron pairs and dots for single electrons, the  $\psi$ -type AL<sub>m</sub>E<sub>n</sub> (m = number of ligands, n = number of free electron pairs or single electrons) the resulting  $\psi$ -polyhedron, the gas phase structure/shape and the symmetry of the molecule (in form of a draw or description), and mark those with a star which have no resonance structures (no other electronic structure).

Give the result in form of a table as given below.

Formula	Ox. no.	Lewis struct.	ψ-type	ψ-polyhedron	Mol. struct.	Sym.
NF <sub>3</sub>	3+	draw it	AL <sub>3</sub> E	tetrahedron	trig. pyr.	C <sub>3v</sub>

Abdulhussain	AsX <sub>3</sub>	ClF <sub>5</sub>	N <sub>2</sub>	OX <sub>2</sub>	<b>S</b> <sub>2</sub>	SeX <sub>2</sub>
Ali	$AsX_4^+$	CO <sub>2</sub>	N <sub>2</sub> O	$P_2O_6^{4-}$	$S_2Cl_2$	SeX <sub>4</sub>
Bayat	BeCl <sub>2</sub>	CO3 <sup>2-</sup>	$N_2 O_2^{2-}$	$P_2O_7^{4-}$	$S_2F_{10}$	$SF_4$
Benner	BeX <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	$CX_4$	$N_2O_3$	$P_2Se_5$	$S_2F_2$	$SF_6$
Frettlöh	BrF <sub>3</sub>	GaI <sub>3</sub>	$N_2O_4$	$P_4(NR)_6$	$S_2O_3^{2-}$	SiF <sub>6</sub> <sup>2-</sup>
Haas	BrF <sub>4</sub>	GeX <sub>4</sub>	$N_2O_5$	$P_4O_{10}$	$S_2O_4^{2-}$	SiX <sub>4</sub>
Kaouk	BrF <sub>5</sub>	$H_2PO_2^-$	NO	$P_4O_6$	$S_2O_6^{2-}$	SnCl <sub>2</sub>
Klotz	BX <sub>3</sub>	$HgX_2$	$NO^+$	$P_4S_6$	SbCl <sub>5</sub>	SO <sub>2</sub>
Kohlhaas	$BX_4^-$	HPO3 <sup>2-</sup>	NO <sub>2</sub>	$PCl_3F_2$	SbF <sub>5</sub>	SO <sub>3</sub>
Lavoie-Cardinal	$[(CH_3)_2PN]_3$	$I_2Cl_6$	NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	PCl <sub>5</sub>	SbX <sub>3</sub>	SO <sub>3</sub> <sup>2-</sup>
Özyürek	[(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> SiO] <sub>3</sub>	$I_3^-$	$NO_2^+$	PCl <sub>6</sub> <sup>-</sup>	SCl <sub>2</sub>	SO4 <sup>2-</sup>
Peram	$[Cl_2PN]_3$	ICl <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	PF <sub>5</sub>	SCl <sub>4</sub>	SX <sub>2</sub>
Tehrani	$[Cl_2PN]_4$	ICl <sub>4</sub> <sup>-</sup>	NX <sub>3</sub>	$PF_6$	$Se_2F_{10}$	Te(OH) <sub>6</sub>
Thomas	CdX <sub>2</sub>	IF <sub>5</sub>	$NX_4^+$	PO4 <sup>3-</sup>	SeF <sub>4</sub>	TeF <sub>4</sub>
Zamrik	ClF <sub>3</sub>	IF <sub>7</sub>	$OH_3^+$	PX <sub>3</sub>	SeF <sub>6</sub>	TeF <sub>6</sub>

### Molecules/ions to be treated in exercise 1.

\* X = F, Cl, Br, and/or I

Every student has to treat the 6 molecules/ions given in the table.

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### Exercise 2

Of the molecules and ions listed below, give the formula, the names, a suitable building reaction, the reactivity, the color, the state of matter under normal conditions (if possible), and the magnetic properties (d for dia- and p for paramagnetic).

As far as possible, give the result in form of a table.

Abdulhussain	AsX <sub>3</sub>	ClF <sub>5</sub>	N <sub>2</sub>	OX <sub>2</sub>	$S_2$	SeX <sub>2</sub>
Ali	$AsX_4^+$	CO <sub>2</sub>	N <sub>2</sub> O	$P_2 O_6^{4-}$	$S_2Cl_2$	$SeX_4$
Bayat	BeCl <sub>2</sub>	CO3 <sup>2-</sup>	$N_2O_2^{2-}$	$P_2O_7^{4-}$	$S_2F_{10}$	$SF_4$
Benner	BeX4 <sup>2-</sup>	$CX_4$	N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	P <sub>2</sub> Se <sub>5</sub>	$S_2F_2$	SF <sub>6</sub>
Frettlöh	BrF <sub>3</sub>	GaI <sub>3</sub>	$N_2O_4$	$P_4(NR)_6$	$S_2O_3^{2-}$	$\mathrm{SiF_6}^{2-}$
Haas	BrF4	GeX <sub>4</sub>	N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>	P <sub>4</sub> O <sub>10</sub>	$S_2O_4^{2-}$	SiX <sub>4</sub>
Kaouk	BrF <sub>5</sub>	$H_2PO_2^-$	NO	$P_4O_6$	$S_2O_6^{2-}$	SnCl <sub>2</sub>
Klotz	BX <sub>3</sub>	HgX <sub>2</sub>	$NO^+$	$P_4S_6$	SbCl <sub>5</sub>	SO <sub>2</sub>
Kohlhaas	BX4	HPO3 <sup>2-</sup>	NO <sub>2</sub>	PCl <sub>3</sub> F <sub>2</sub>	SbF <sub>5</sub>	SO <sub>3</sub>
Lavoie-Cardinal	[(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> PN] <sub>3</sub>	$I_2Cl_6$	$NO_2^-$	PCl <sub>5</sub>	SbX <sub>3</sub>	SO <sub>3</sub> <sup>2-</sup>
Özyürek	[(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> SiO] <sub>3</sub>	$I_3^-$	$NO_2^+$	PCl <sub>6</sub> <sup>-</sup>	SCl <sub>2</sub>	<b>SO</b> <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>
Peram	$[Cl_2PN]_3$	ICl <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	PF <sub>5</sub>	SCl <sub>4</sub>	$SX_2$
Tehrani	[Cl <sub>2</sub> PN] <sub>4</sub>	ICl <sub>4</sub> <sup>-</sup>	NX <sub>3</sub>	$PF_6^-$	Se <sub>2</sub> F <sub>10</sub>	Te(OH) <sub>6</sub>
Thomas	CdX <sub>2</sub>	IF <sub>5</sub>	$NX_4^+$	PO4 <sup>3-</sup>	SeF <sub>4</sub>	TeF <sub>4</sub>
Zamrik	ClF <sub>3</sub>	IF <sub>7</sub>	$OH_3^+$	PX <sub>3</sub>	SeF <sub>6</sub>	TeF <sub>6</sub>

#### Molecules/ions to be treated in exercise 2.

\* X = F, Cl, Br, and/or I

Every student has to treat the 6 molecules/ions given in the table.

For help, information, and further exercise, refer to the given textbook(s) of inorganic chemistry and our corresponding website (<u>http://anorganik.chemie.uni-siegen.de</u>).

# **Advanced Inorganic Chemistry part Inorganic Molecules**

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### Exercise 3

Please explain why P<sub>4</sub>O<sub>6</sub>, and P<sub>4</sub>O<sub>10</sub> are built instead of P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> and P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>, respectively.

### **Exercise 4**

 $(Cl_2PN)_3$  was found to have symmetry  $D_{3h}$ . Please explain why it is not aromatic.

### **Exercise 5**

Name and describe structurally two forms each of the elements C, P, and S.

### **Exercise 6**

Name and describe structurally the allotropic forms of the main group IV and V elements.

### Exercise 7

Name and describe structurally the thermodynamically stable forms of the elements C, P, and S.

### **Exercise 8**

Name and describe structurally the allotropic forms of the main group VI elements.

For help, information, and further exercise, refer to the given textbook(s) of inorganic chemistry and our corresponding website http://www.uni-siegen.de/~anchem/be/InorganicMoleculesSum.htm