

WS 2022/23

9.1

A tritium gas light source contains radioactive tritium (${}^3_1\text{H}$, half-life $t_{1/2} = 12.3$ years) with an activity of 1GBq. Which mass of tritium is contained in the light source?

9.2

The constant K_p for the gas reaction $A + B \rightarrow C$ is $1 \cdot 10^{-6} \text{ bar}^{-1}$. In a vessel so much A and B are given that the partial pressures without reaction are 1 bar each. What will be the partial pressure of C in equilibrium? The use of approximations allows to carry out the calculation very easily.

9.3

How do the following equilibriums change under the specified conditions:

equilibrium	condition
$2\text{SO}_2 + \text{O}_2 \leftrightarrow 2\text{SO}_3$	pressure up
$2\text{H}_2 + \text{O}_2 \leftrightarrow 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	Temp. up
$2\text{NO} + \text{O}_2 \leftrightarrow 2\text{NO}_2$	pressure down
$\text{N}_2 + 3\text{H}_2 \leftrightarrow 2\text{NH}_3$	addition of catalyst
liquid benzene \leftrightarrow solid benzene	pressure up

9.4

5.25 g of a gas occupy a volume of 2 dm^3 at 20°C and 2 bar. Calculate the molar mass of the gas.