

# 1. Exercise General Chemistry

28.10.2024

WS 2024/25

Due Oct 31st, 2024, 2pm c.t., AR-H100

## 1.1

How many electrons can be in the shell  $n = 7$ ? What atomic number would an element have, in which all shells up to and including  $n = 7$  are fully occupied and there are no electrons in higher shells? Give reasons why such an element does not exist.

## 1.2

Discuss the bonds and geometry of the cyanic acid molecule (HCN): involved atomic orbitals, molecular orbitals, single and multiple bonds, lone pairs of electrons, formal charges, and bond angles.

## 1.3

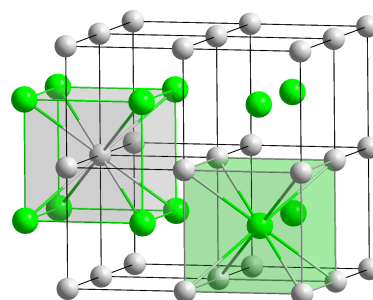
Discuss the bonds and geometry of the acetic acid molecule ( $\text{CH}_3\text{COOH}$ ): involved atomic orbitals, molecular orbitals, single and multiple bonds, lone pairs of electrons, formal charges, and bond angles.

## 1.4

Give the Lewis formulas including lone pairs of electrons for the following molecules or ions:  $\text{CCl}_4$ ,  $\text{CH}_2\text{O}$ ,  $\text{NO}_3^-$ ,  $\text{N}_2\text{O}_5$  and  $\text{NH}_4\text{Cl}$ . Include mesomeric structures, if any exist.

## 1.5

Crystalline CsCl consists of two primitive cubic  $\text{Cs}^+$  and  $\text{Cl}^-$  lattices. The lattice constant is  $4.11 \text{ \AA}$ . Calculate the ionic radius of  $\text{Cs}^+$  assuming that the anion and the cation are in mutual contact and the radius of the  $\text{Cl}^-$  is  $1.81 \text{ \AA}$ . Compare the calculated value with the value listed in tables.



## 1.6

What are the dipole moments of  $\text{CH}_4$ ,  $\text{CH}_3\text{Cl}$ ,  $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$ ,  $\text{CHCl}_3$ ,  $\text{CHCl}=\text{CCl}_2$ ,  $\text{ClC}\equiv\text{C}-\text{CClH}_2$ ,  $\text{Cl}_2\text{C}=\text{C}(\text{Cl})\text{H}$ ,  $\text{Cl}_2\text{C}=\text{C}(\text{H})\text{Cl}$  expressed in multiples of the dipole moment of a C-Cl group? Suppose that the C-H group has no dipole moment and that the C-Cl dipole moment is not altered by the other bonds in the molecule.

## 1.7

How many molecules does  $1 \mu\text{g}$  of pentane contain?

## 1.8

One half of compound A with a molar mass of  $100 \text{ g/mol}$  is dimerized to  $\text{A}_2$ . How many particles are there in  $50 \text{ g}$  of the compound?

## 1.9

Calculate the mass fraction of water in oxalic acid dihydrate.

**1.10**

Complete the following table:

| Element   | $Z$ | $MZ$ | $Np$ | $Nn$ | $Ne$ |
|-----------|-----|------|------|------|------|
|           | 18  | 40   |      |      | 18   |
|           | 35  | 80   |      |      | 36   |
| $Ca^{2+}$ |     | 40   |      |      |      |
|           |     |      | 15   | 16   | 18   |
| I         |     |      |      | 74   |      |